

Body	Nature	Appointed by	Members	Office term / Reappointment	Removal	Reports	Special notes
Election Commission of India (Article 324)	Const. Perma. All India body	President	President can fix the no. of election commissioners CEC – chairman of EC No qualifications prescribed	Conditions of service and tenure of office of Election commissioners determined by the President Held office for 6 years or till 65 years of age, whichever is earlier. Note : Constitution has not prescribed the terms of the members of EC Can be Reappointed	CEC provided with security of tenure CEC can be removed from his office by resolution passed by both the houses with Special majority on grounds of proved misbehavior or incapacity. Other election commissioners or regional commissioners cannot be removed from office except on the CEC's recommendations		Conduction of elections of Parliament, State legislatures, President and Vice President
Union Public Service Commission Article (315 – 323), Part XIV	Const. Indep.	President	President determines the composition No qualifications prescribed except one half of the members of the commission should be the persons who have held office for at least 10 years either under govt. of India or under the government of a state	President determines condition of service 6 years or until they attain the age of 65 years, whichever is earlier Expenses on members charged on CFI Chairman – ineligible for further reappointment or any other appointment of govt. Member – eligible for appointment as the chairman of UPSC or SPSC only	Removed by president : 1. If he is adjudged an insolvent 2. if he engages in any paid employment outside the duties of his office. 3. If he, <i>in opinion of President</i> , unfit to continue in office by reason of infirmity of mind or body. 4. Misbehaviour – President has to refer the matter to SC for an enquiry. Advice tendered by SC binding on the President.	Annual report on it's performance presented to the President, who places this report before both the houses of Parliament. Rejection of any advice of UPSC should be approved by Appointments Committee of Cabinet	Recruitment, Appointment, Transfer, Promotion, disciplinary matters related to a person serving under the govt. of India in a civil capacity. Jurisdiction increased by Parliament's act

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State Public Service Commission Article 315 - 323	Const	Governor	Strength decided by Governor No qualifications prescribed except one half of the members of the commission should be the persons who have held office for at least 10 years either under govt. of India or under the government of a state	Governor determines condition of service 6 years or until they attain the age of 62 years, whichever is earlier Expenses on members charged on Co. fund of state Chairman of SPSC eligible for appointment as chairman and member of UPSC or chairman of any other SPSC only. Member eligible for appointment as chairman and member of UPSC, chairman of that SPSC or any other SPSC only.	Removed only by the President 1. If he is adjudged an insolvent 2. if he engages in any paid employment outside the duties of his office. 3. If he, <i>in opinion of President</i> , unfit to continue in office by reason of infirmity of mind or body. 4. Misbehaviour – President has to refer the matter to SC for an enquiry. Advice tendered by SC binding on the President.	Annual report on it's performance presented to the Governor, who places this report before both the houses of state legislature. Along with memorandum explaining the cases where advice of commission was not accepted and reasons for it.	Recruitment, Appointment, Transfer, Promotion, disciplinary matters related to a person serving under the state govt. in a civil capacity. Jurisdiction increased by act of state legislature.
Finance Commission Article 280	Const. Quasi Judicial	President	Chairman and four other members, Parliament determines the qualifications of members Chairman : experience in public affairs. Members : HC judge or qualified, Eco expert, Finance of government expert, Finance expert	Such period as specified by the president in his order Eligible for Reappointment	FC constituted by the President of India every fifth year, or at such earlier time as he considers necessary.	Submits report to the President, who lay it before both the houses of parliament along with an explanatory memorandum as to the action taken on its recommendation.	Distribution of the net proceeds of taxes between centre and the states. (Centre – State Fiscal Relations) Principles governing the grant in aids to the states by the centre Recommendations not binding on government

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National Commission for SCs Article 338	Const.	President By warrant under his hand and seal	Chairperson Vice Chairperson Three members	Conditions of service and tenure of office are determined by President.		<p>Reports presented to the President, annually and at such other times as it may deem fit, upon the working of those safeguards</p> <p>President places report before the Parliament.</p> <p>President also forwards any report of the commission pertaining to a state government to the state governor, who places it before the state legislature.</p> <p>(along with an explanatory memorandum as to the action taken on its recommendation.)</p>	<p>To investigate and monitor all matters relating to the constitutional and other legal safeguards for SCs</p> <p>Recommendations on effective implementation of the safeguards</p>
National Commission for STs Article 338A	Const	President by warrant under his hand and seal	Chairperson Vice Chairperson Three members	Conditions of Service and tenure of office are determined by President.		<p>Reports presented to the President, annually and at such other times as it may deem fit, upon the working of those safeguards</p> <p>President places report before the Parliament.</p> <p>President also forwards any report of the commission pertaining to a state government to the state governor, who places it before the state legislature.</p> <p>(along with memorandum)</p>	<p>To investigate and monitor all matters relating to the constitutional and other legal safeguards for STs</p> <p>Recommendations on effective implementation of the safeguards</p>

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<p>Special Officer for Linguistic Minorities</p> <p>Article 350B Part XVII</p>	Const	President	<p>There should be a Special Officer for Linguistic Minorities.</p> <p>No qualifications, tenure, salaries, allowances, service conditions and procedure for removal prescribed by the constitution.</p> <p>Assistance commissioners head the regional offices at Belgaum, Chennai, Kolkata</p> <p>Assisted by Deputy commissioner and Assistant Commissioner at HQs.</p> <p>HQ :Allahabad.</p>	No tenure, salaries, allowances, service conditions and procedure for removal prescribed by the constitution.		<p>Reports on those matters at such intervals as President may direct should be presented to the President.</p> <p>President should place all such reports before both the houses of the Parliament and send to the governments of the states concerned.</p> <p>He submits the annual reports to the President through the Union Minority Affairs Ministry</p>	All matters related to the safeguards provided for linguistics minorities under constitution

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Attorney General of India (Article 76)	Const	President	AG must be a person who is qualified to be appointed a judge of the Supreme Court	<p>Term of office not fixed by the constitution.</p> <p>He receives remuneration as the President may determine.</p> <p>He is not debarred from private legal practice.</p> <p>Not a full time counsel for the government.</p> <p>Does not fall in the category of government servants.</p>	<p>Holds office during pleasure of President.</p> <p>Conventionally, he resigns when the government (COM) resigns or is replaced, as he is appointed on its advice.</p>		<p>Highest Law officer in the country</p> <p>To give advice to the government of India upon such legal matters, which are referred to him by the President</p> <p>Right of audience in all courts in the territory of India.</p>
Advocate General of the State (Article 165)	Const	Governor	must be a person who is qualified to be appointed a judge of the High Court	<p>Term of office not fixed by the constitution.</p> <p>He receives remuneration as the Governor may determine.</p>	<p>Holds office during pleasure of Governor.</p> <p>Conventionally, he resigns when the government (COM) resigns or is replaced, as he is appointed on its advice.</p>		<p>Highest Law officer in the state</p> <p>To give advice to the government of state upon such legal matters, which are referred to him by the Governor.</p>

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<p>Comptroller and Auditor General of India</p> <p>(Article 148)</p> <p>(Article 149 – his duties)</p>	Const Indepe.	President By warrant under his hand and seal		<p>Holds office for a period of 6 years or upto the age of 65 years, whichever is earlier</p> <p>Not eligible for any further office, either under the government of India or of any state, after he ceases to hold his office.</p> <p>Salary and other service conditions are determined by Parliament. His salary is equal to the judge of Supreme Court.</p> <p>Salaries charged upon the Consolidated Fund of India.</p>	<p>By President</p> <p>can be removed from his office by resolution passed by both the houses with Special majority on grounds of proved misbehavior or incapacity.</p>	<p>CAG submits three audit reports to the President – audit report on appropriation accounts, audit report on finance accounts, and audit report on public undertakings.</p> <p>President lays these reports before both the houses of the Parliament.</p> <p>After this Public Accounts Committee examines them and reports its findings to the Parliament.</p>	<p>Guardian of the public purse and controls the entire financial system of the country at both the levels – Centre and the State.</p>